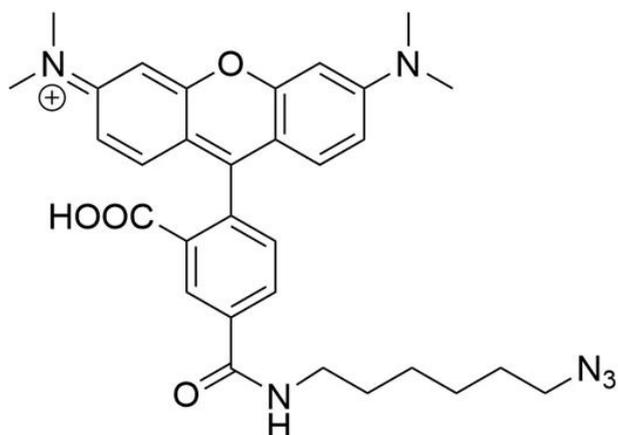


## 5-TAMRA AZIDE

**SKU:** CCT-1245

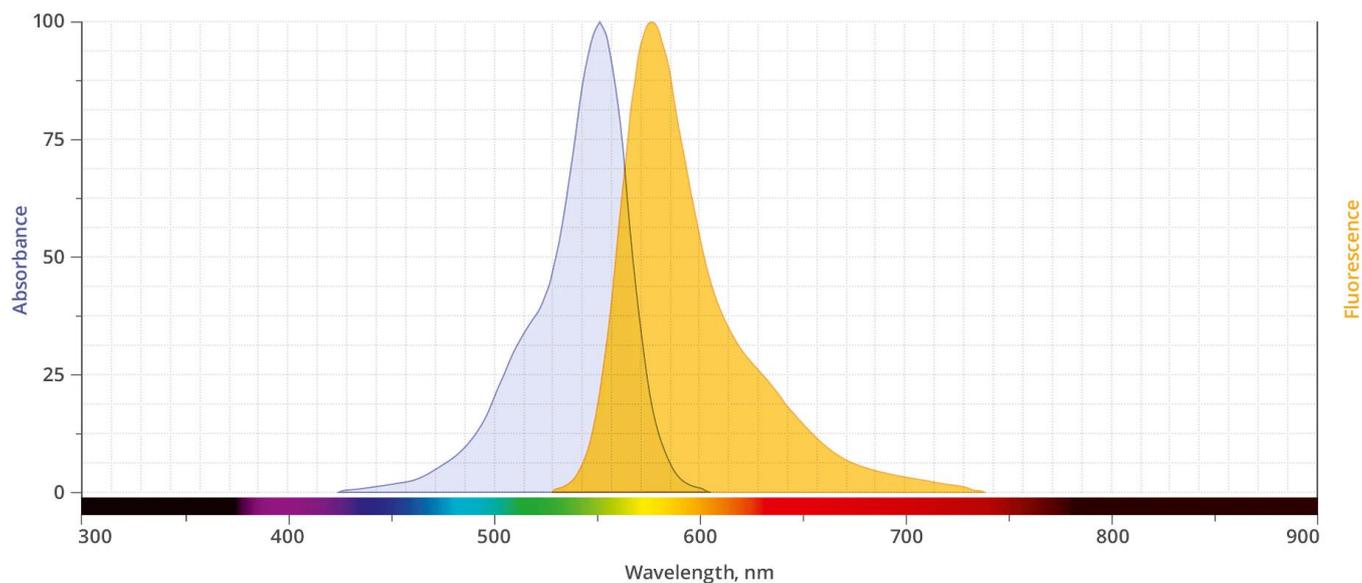


### Description

Although the mixed isomers of 5(6)-TAMRA Acid is a preferred, routinely used orange-fluorescent dye for staining proteins, it is rarely used for labeling peptides and nucleotides. Purification of 5(6)-TAMRA labeled peptide and nucleotides might be troublesome due to significant signal broadening in HPLC purification. Peptides and nucleotides labeled with a single isomer TAMRA usually give better resolution in HPLC purification that is often required in the conjugation processes. 5-TAMRA is more often used for labeling peptides and proteins. 6-TAMRA is predominately used for labeling nucleotides and sequencing nucleic acids. 5-TAMRA dye is a bright fluorescent label is compatible with various excitation sources including mercury arc, tungsten and xenon arc lamps, the 544 nm line of the Helium-Neon laser and the 532 nm green laser line.

TAMRA NHS Ester reacts specifically and efficiently with a primary amine (e.g., side chain of lysine residues or aminosilane-coated surfaces) at pH 7-9 to form a stable, covalent amide bond. The NHS ester (or succinimidyl ester) is the most popular tool for conjugating dyes to the primary amines of protein or antibody (Lys), amine-modified oligonucleotides, and other amine-containing molecules.

**For research use only. Not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use in animals or humans.**



Abs/Em Spectra

## Specifications

<b>Unit Size</b>	1 mg, 5 mg, 25 mg, 100 mg
<b>Abs/Em Maxima</b>	553/575 nm
<b>Extinction Coefficient</b>	92,000
<b>Flow Cytometry Laser Line</b>	532 nm or 555 nm
<b>Microscopy Laser Line</b>	532 nm or 555 nm
<b>Spectrally Similar Dyes</b>	Alexa Fluor® 555, CF® 555, DyLight® 549
<b>Molecular weight</b>	527.53
<b>CAS</b>	150810-68-7
<b>Solubility</b>	Water, DMSO, DMF
<b>Purity</b>	>90% (HPLC)
<b>Appearance</b>	Dark red amorphous solid
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	-20°C. Desiccate
<b>Shipping Conditions</b>	Ambient temperature

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